# **COVID-19 STRATEGY**

Our elimination strategy is a sustained approach to keep it out, find it and stamp it out. We do this through:

- controlling entry at the border with routine quarantine or isolation for 14 days;
- disease surveillance;
- physical distancing and hygiene measures;
- testing for and tracing all potential cases;
- **isolating cases** and their close contacts;
- and broader public health controls depending on the Alert Level we are in.

See below for an update on these measures to support our elimination strategy, and an overview of health system utilisation.

# **SUMMARY OF PROGRESS**

New Zealand continues to progress well against the strategy. There are 21 active cases as at 17 July within New Zealand. All are in managed isolation facilities and extensive testing has not found any transmission within the community.

New Zealand moved to Level 1 from Tuesday 9 June. Border controls remain in place, and remain critical to the elimination strategy.

Agencies are actively considering issues related to managed isolation, including capacity, alternatives, and security. Cabinet is expected to consider advice on cost-recovery in the week of 20 July.

# **CURRENT STATE**

As at 9 am 17 July:

1,549	Confirmed and probable cases
97%	Recovered
21	Total number of active cases
21	Number of cases in MI/Quarantine
0	Number of hospitalised cases
0	Number of cases in ICU
22	Total number of deaths

# Change in cases over time

The rate of new cases has started to lower, with **21 active cases** as at 17 July. (*Down by 2 from last week*.)

Cases by Ethnicity	As at 17 July
European/Other	69%
Māori	8%
Asian	14%
Pacific	5%
MELAA	2%
Unknown	1%

# **HEALTH-RELATED MEASURES TO ACHIEVE ELIMINATION**

## **CONTACT TRACING**

**Status: Sufficient capacity and continuing to improve speed** 

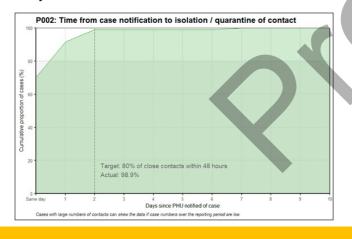
There were 16 close contacts relating to 13 cases in the week ending 15 July. All close contacts are in Managed Isolation/Quarantine facilities. 99% of close contacts were reached within 2 days for the week ending 11 July 2020.

Capacity and capability to manage an increase of up to 1000 cases per day is being established through:

- Ready capacity PHU management of up to 350 cases per day
- Surge capacity PHU management of up to 500 cases per day
- Extended capacity NCCS and PHU management of up to 1,000 cases per day

PHUs will have ready and surge capacity and plans for accessing surge capacity in place by the end of July. Additionally the NCCS has the ability to scale to make 10,000 calls per day to follow up close contacts, and this will increase to 20,000 calls a day in August.

11 PHUs are using the NCTS for contact tracing. The remaining PHU is on track to onboard with the system at the end of July.



### NZ COVID TRACER APP

Status: Work on Release 3 underway for public go-live on 30 July. This will include manual diary entry, support for older phones (Android 6, iOS 11) and bug fixes.

The standard consumer app related statistics are:	As at 17 July	As at 10 July
Number of registered users	611,500	592,700
Number of posters	79,492	77,459
Number of NZBN-registered entities that have generated posters	30,435	29,433
Number of poster scans – 7 day average	9,844	8,862
Number of poster scans – all time	1,458,852	1,387,308

## **WORKFORCE SURGE CAPACITY**

Status: Working to expand to meet any spikes in demand

As at 17 July:

10,033 10.012 on 10/07/20 people registered on the surge capacity database

The Ministry is working to ensure there are sufficient staff to meet the potential growth in demand for ICU care. As of 17 July there are 10,033 people registered in the surge capacity database of which 3,456 have indicated they are still available to work. Of those available, 558 are doctors and 912 are registered nurses. We have deployed 37 people into roles.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Status: We have sufficient PPE stocks for the health and disability workforce currently however ongoing vigilance is required

Sourcing and distribution of PPE continues to be managed at a national level. There is good stock of all PPE supplies in the country and demand has stabilised over recent weeks, despite some additional demand to support border related activity. Global supply chain challenges remain with potential future challenges in glove supply in particular, relating to ongoing global demand and shortages which are being managed. A small number of mask shipments remain on hold pending further quality assurance which is being progressed with urgency. Second wave pandemic modelling is alerting us to areas where we may need to secure additional supply as a risk management strategy and we are sourcing additional supplies where needed with a current focus on gloves and gowns.

Total estimated stock on hand as at 16 July:

Masks	<b>97.5 million</b> 90.5 million on 09/07/20

Nitrile 27.3 million Gloves 29.6 million on 09/07/20

# **HEALTH-RELATED MEASURES TO ACHIEVE ELIMINATION**

LAB TESTING Status: Sufficient capacity for current demand, with capacity continuing to

Testing capacity is steadily increasing to support efforts to eliminate COVID-19. New Zealand has a high capacity for daily testing. As at 17 July, 438,720 tests have been conducted.

# **National capacity**

7-day rolling average of tests completed for week 10 July - 16 July

**Test supplies in** stock as at 17 July

#### **BORDER MEASURES**

**Status: Officials are initially** focusing on implementing rolling surveillance testing of staff in managed isolation facilities and this will be progressively implemented in other high-risk locations.

Only New Zealand residents and citizens (and their children and partners) are permitted to enter New Zealand.

This includes the Realm countries (the Cook Islands, Niue, Tokelau), Australian citizens and permanent residents ordinarily resident in New Zealand, airline and marine crew.

There will be some exceptions such as Medivac, essential health workers, humanitarian reasons, and others, on a case by case basis.

The main processes of MIQ now lies with MBIE and IQR, and MoH continues to manage the health aspects of this.

### As at 17 July:

Isolation	3,286
Quarantine	235
Isolation	193
Isolation	406
Quarantine	6
Isolation	54
Isolation	284
	Quarantine Isolation Isolation Quarantine Isolation

Total in New Zealand	As at 17 July	As at 10 July
Quarantine	241	238
Isolation	3,817	5,335

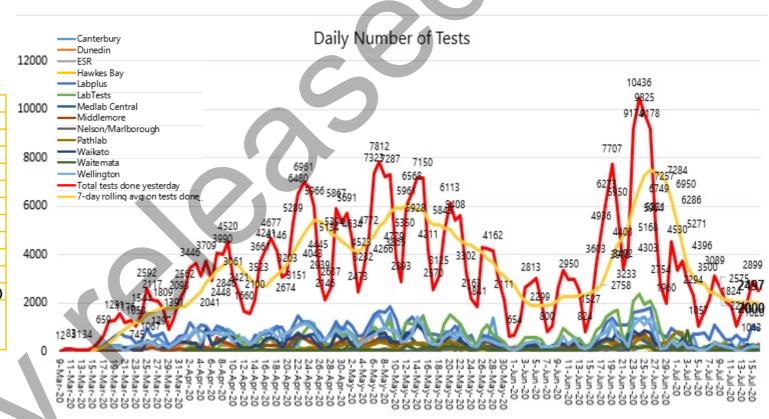
## MANAGED ISOLATION AND QUARANTINE

WKO: 65 (284) TOTAL: 236 (8077)		WKO: 60 (141) <b>TOTAL: 290 (8882)</b>
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	2,497 at MIQ facilities yesterday <sup>2,3</sup> AKL: 171 (6773) CHCH: 0 (898) ROT: 0 WLG: 0 (122) Day 12 swabs taken <sup>2,3</sup> Daily (cumulative)	. ,
WLG: 0 (122)		WLG: 0 (97)
ROT: 0		ROT: 0 (234)
CHCH: 0 (898)		CHCH: 0 (1061)
AKL: 171 (6773)		AKL: 230 (7349)
		TOTAL: 528
		WKO: 125
2,497		WLG: 0
		ROT: 0
		CHCH: 0
		AKL: 403
	AKL: 171 (6773) CHCH: 0 (898) ROT: 0 WLG: 0 (122)	2,497  Total swabs taken at MIQ facilities yesterday <sup>2,3</sup> AKL: 171 (6773)  CHCH: 0 (898)  ROT: 0  WLG: 0 (122)  Day 12 swabs taken <sup>2,3</sup> Daily (cumulative)

Source: 1Lab update as at 09:00 17 July 2020, 2ADHB Quarantine Tests by Day, 3Canterbury RIQCC Daily Sitrep as at <u>09:00 17 July 2020</u>, <sup>4</sup>ESR EpiSurv extract as at <u>09:00 17 July 2020</u> Note: Day 3 now includes all swabs taken between two and four days after arrival. Day 12 now includes all swabs taken between 11 and 13 days after arrival.

#### **TESTING**

Data as at 17 July



# Lab Testing Data from 22 January - 15 July 2020

Number o	of people t	ested for COVID	-19 from 2	2 January to	15 July 202	0
DHBDomicile			EthnicGrou	IPMPAO		
Diibboilliche	Māori	Pacific Peoples	Asian	Other	Unknown	Total
Auckland	3,821	6,068	9,287	22,318	314	41,808
Bay of Plenty	4,957	611	1,068	11,105	56	17,797
Canterbury	3,495	1,150	3,112	26,668	274	34,699
Capital and Coast	3,224	2,047	2,602	17,320	279	25,472
Counties Manukau	9,672	17,521	9,402	16,396	235	53,226
Hawke's Bay	4,038	1,327	530	8,425	55	14,375
Hutt Valley	2,006	860	974	6,650	40	10,530
Lakes	3,718	267	591	4,802	67	9,445
MidCentral	2,558	464	746	8,542	113	12,423
Nelson Marlborough	1,046	348	352	7,519	86	9,351
Northland	5,485	267	397	7,555	60	13,764
South Canterbury	346	93	176	3,408	20	4,043
Southern	2,203	634	1,202	18,363	99	22,501
Tairawhiti	2,743	141	85	1,755	22	4,746
Taranaki	1,709	125	381	6,110	56	8,381
Waikato	9,421	1,286	2,956	21,962	292	35,917
Wairarapa	692	95	67	2,373	23	3,250
Waitemata	5,420	4,965	8,360	29,458	280	48,483
West Coast	202	23	89	1,378	16	1,708
Whanganui	1,360	167	185	3,249	23	4,984
Total	68,116	38,459	42,562	225,356	2,410	376,903

National	
People Tested	376,903
Rate per 1000	76

DHBDomicile	EthnicGroupMPAO				
DHPDOMICIE	Māori	Pacific Peoples	Asian	Other	Total
Auckland	88	108	50	85	76
Bay of Plenty	83	137	54	71	74
Canterbury	67	81	51	60	60
Capital and Coast	88	92	52	81	79
Counties Manukau	109	146	62	78	93
Hawke's Bay	93	207	58	78	86
Hutt Valley	77	74	52	71	70
Lakes	97	105	61	80	85
MidCentral	70	84	48	69	69
Nelson Marlborough	65	141	47	60	62
Northland	90	71	48	69	76
South Canterbury	65	190	74	66	68
Southern	66	92	47	69	67
Tairawhiti	111	126	73	79	97
Taranaki	73	90	61	68	69
Waikato	98	96	67	82	85
Wairarapa	87	114	54	67	71
Waitemata	87	111	58	77	77
West Coast	52	91	96	51	53
Whanganui	78	110	63	76	77
Total	88	120	56	73	76

Rate per 1000 people tested for COVID-19 from 22 January to 15 July 2020

 reactorial		
People Tested	376	
Rate per 1000		

**TESTING BY DHB**